



## Instructions

There are 10 questions on this examination paper. Answer **all** questions.

Questions do not necessarily carry equal marks. To help you manage your time during this examination, a maximum time for each question is suggested. If you remain within these times you should have about 10 minutes left to review your work.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. You may lose marks if you do not do so. There is space for extra work at the back of the booklet. You may also ask the superintendent for more paper. Label any extra work clearly with the question number and part.

The superintendent will give you a copy of the *Formulae and Tables* booklet. You must return it at the end of the examination. You are not allowed to bring your own copy into the examination.

You may lose marks if your solutions do not include supporting work.

You may lose marks if you do not include the appropriate units of measurement, where relevant.

You may lose marks if you do not give your answers in simplest form, where relevant.

Write the make and model of your calculator(s) here:

**Question 1**

(Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)

On the right is a scaled diagram of the Leaning Tower of Pisa.

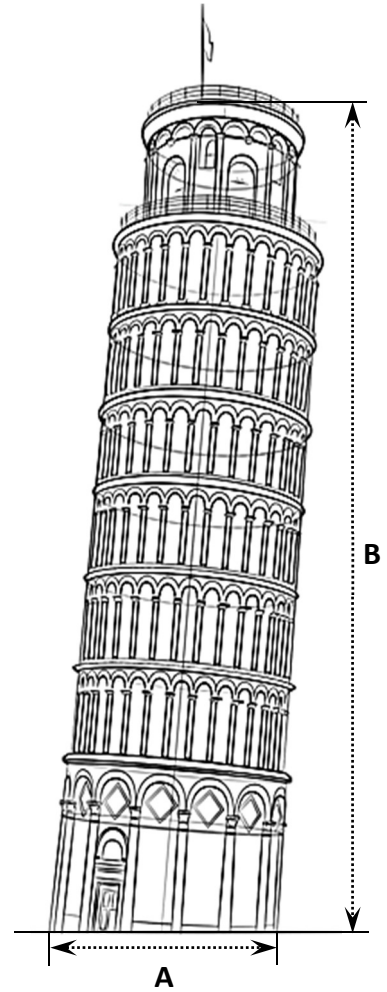
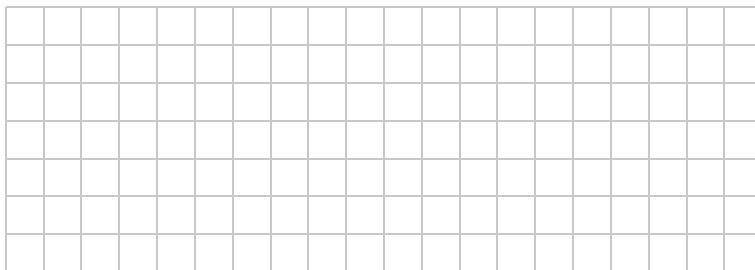
- (a) Measure the width and the vertical height of the tower, marked **A** and **B** on the diagram. Give each answer in cm, correct to the nearest cm.

A =       B =

- (b) The diagram is to a scale of **1 cm = 5 m**. Use this fact to work out the actual width and actual vertical height of the tower.

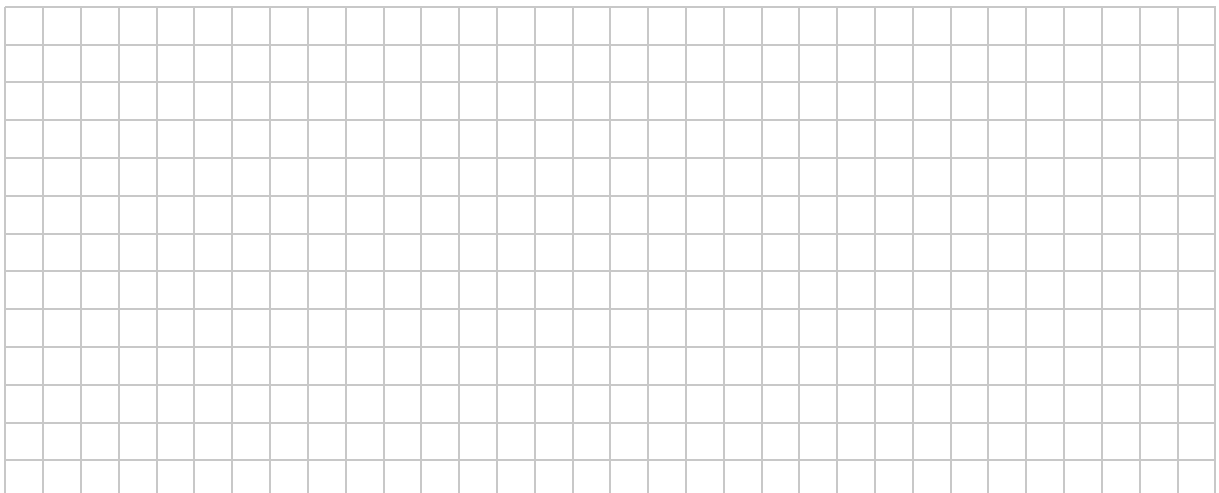
Actual width =

Actual vertical height =



- (c) Claire estimates that the original tower was roughly in the shape of a **cylinder** with a radius of 7 m and a height of 60 m.

Use Claire's estimate to work out the **volume** of the original tower. Give your answer in  $\text{m}^3$ , correct to one decimal place.



Source of the image: [www.supercoloring.com](http://www.supercoloring.com). Altered.

**Question 2**

**(Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)**

Barry has one of each coin in the euro currency in his pocket.  
He puts his hand in his pocket and picks one coin at random.



**(a)** Fill in the table below to show the probability of each of the events **P**, **S**, and **T**.

Event	Description	Probability
<b>P</b>	Barry picks a €2 coin.	<div style="text-align: right; padding-right: 20px;">Answer =</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 60px; height: 40px; margin-left: auto; margin-right: 0;"></div>
<b>S</b>	Barry picks a coin worth less than 50 cent.	<div style="text-align: right; padding-right: 20px;">Answer =</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 60px; height: 40px; margin-left: auto; margin-right: 0;"></div>
<b>T</b>	Barry picks a €3 coin.	<div style="text-align: right; padding-right: 20px;">Answer =</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 60px; height: 40px; margin-left: auto; margin-right: 0;"></div>

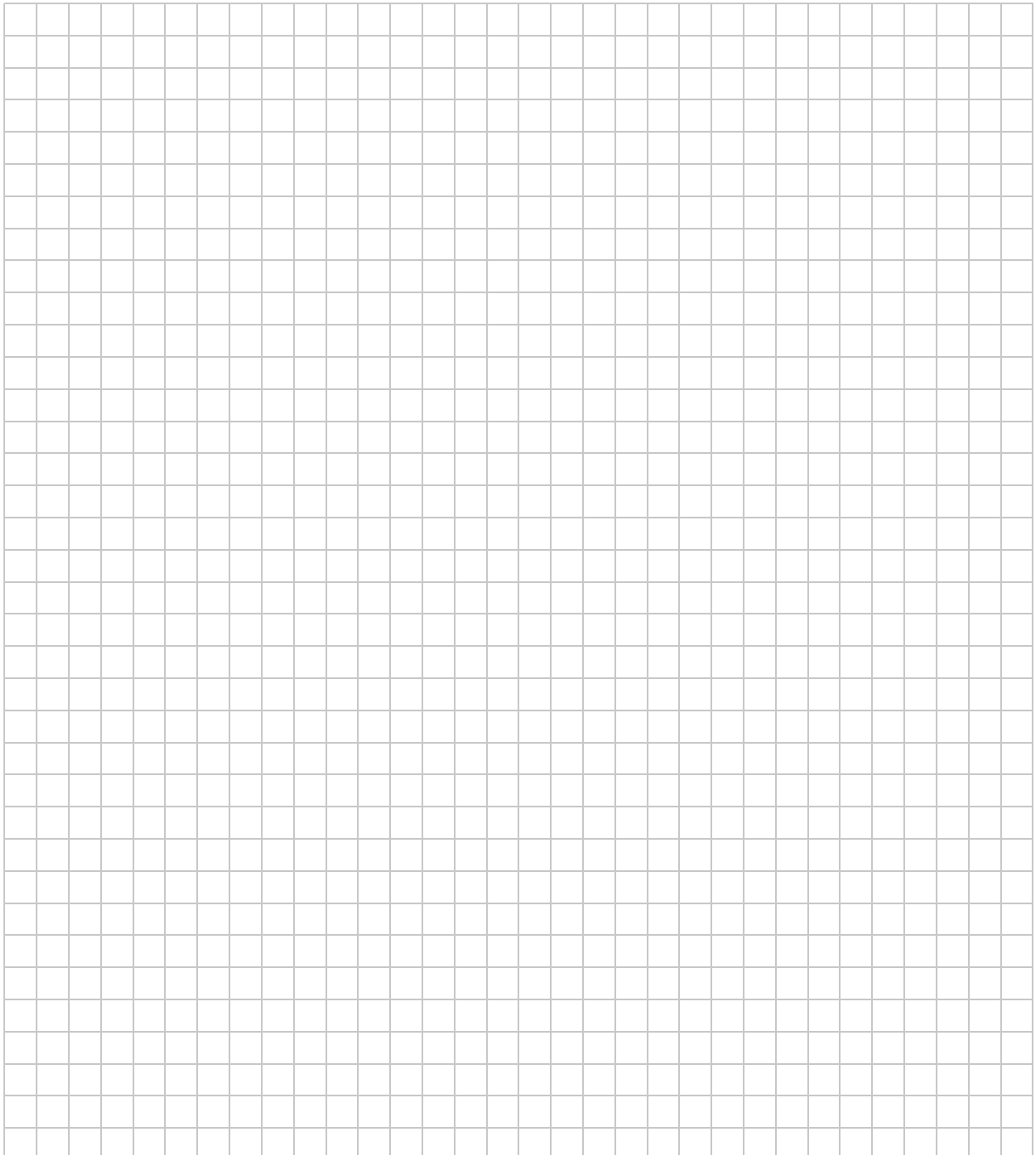




(e) The table below shows these figures for **2014**, and the same figures for **2015**.

Display this data **graphically** in a way that allows you to compare the data for these two years. Label your graph(s) clearly.

Age group	A	B	C	D
Percentage in 2014 (%)	42	39	27	15
Percentage in 2015 (%)	56	48	33	22

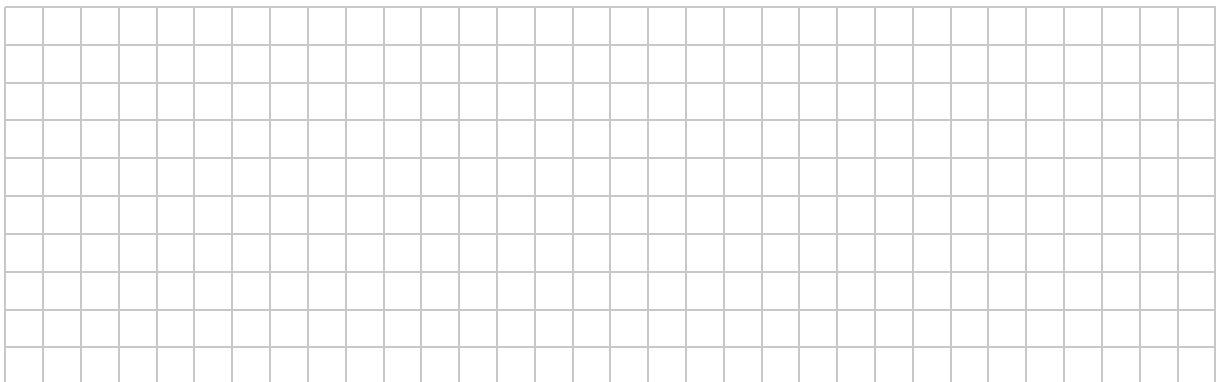
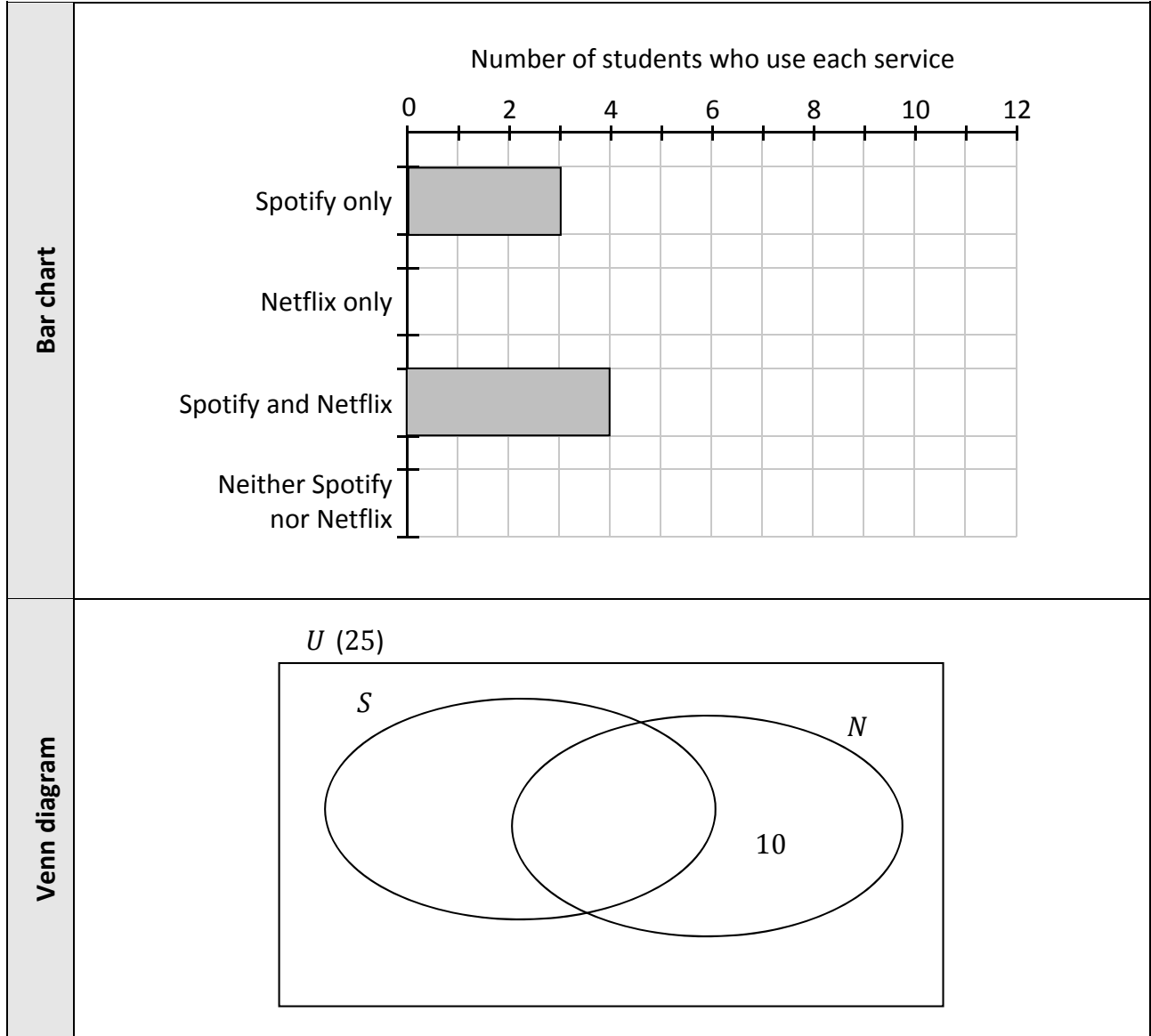


**Question 4**

**(Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)**

Ella carries out a survey on the **25 students** in her class to see how many use Spotify ( $S$ ) and how many use Netflix ( $N$ ). Some of her results are shown in the bar chart below and some more are shown in the Venn diagram below, where  $U$  is the set of all the students in the class.

**(a)** Use the results shown to complete the bar chart and the Venn diagram.





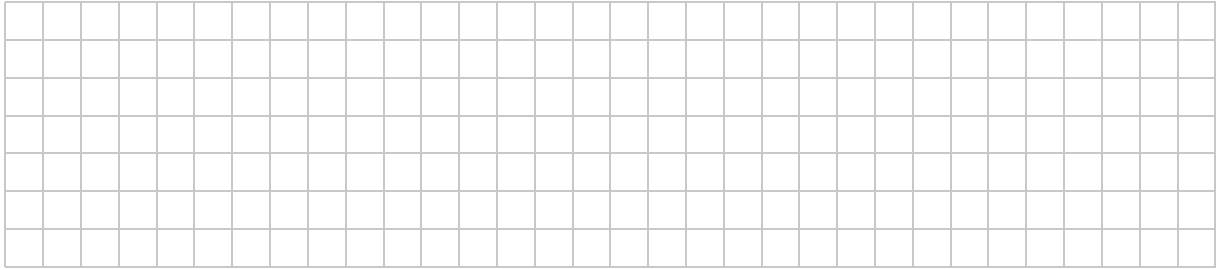








(c) Find the length of the **perimeter** of shape E.

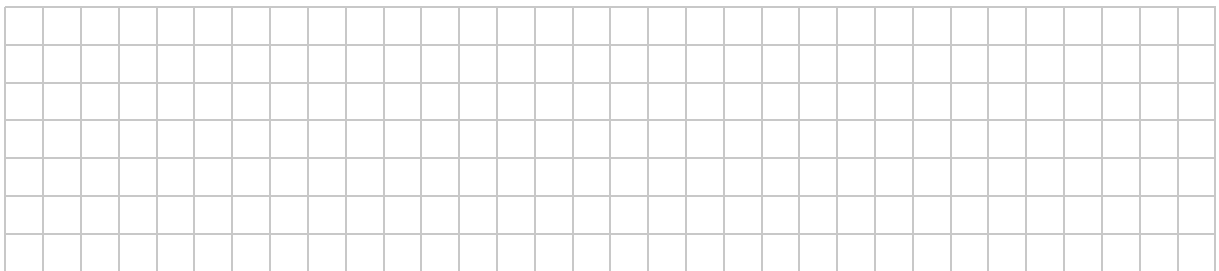


(d) Complete each of the following statements correctly.

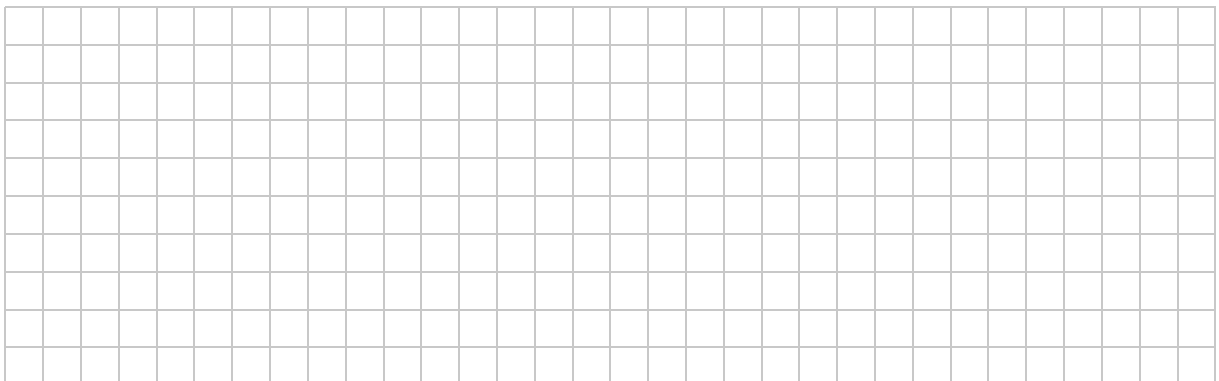
(i) Shape C has exactly  axes of symmetry.

(ii) Shape G is the image of shape  under axial symmetry.

(iii) Shape A is the image of shape  under a translation.

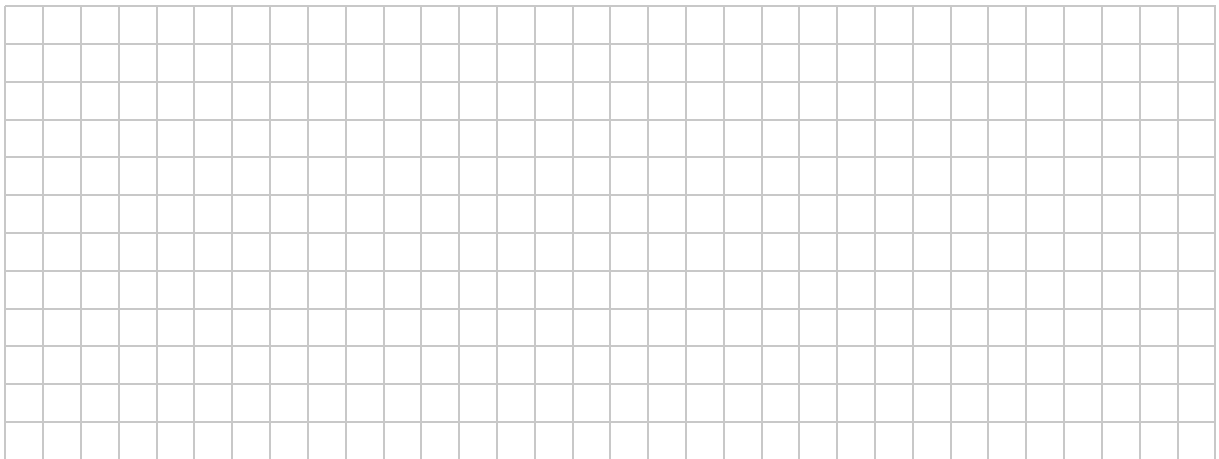


(e) Find the **slope** of the **hypotenuse** of shape B.



**Question 8****(Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)**The table below gives some information about the four lines  $l$ ,  $k$ ,  $r$ , and  $t$ .**(a)** Fill in the three missing entries in the table.

Line	Slope	Point where the line crosses the $y$ -axis	Equation
$l$	3	$(0, 4)$	$y = 3x + 4$
$k$		$(0, -1)$	$y = 2x - 1$
$r$	-5		$y = -5x + 8$
$t$	7	$(0, -6)$	

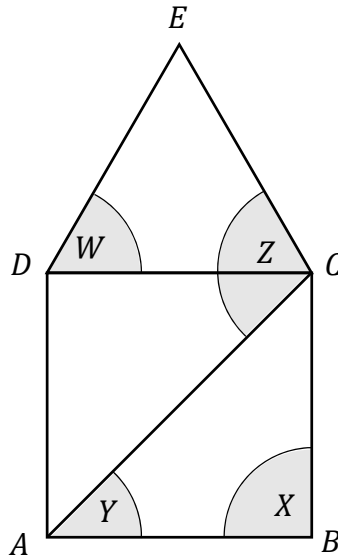




**Question 9**

**(Suggested maximum time: 15 minutes)**

- (a)** In the diagram below,  $ABCD$  is a square and  $DCE$  is an equilateral triangle. Some of the angles are marked.



- (i)** Find the size of the angles  $W$ ,  $X$ , and  $Y$ .

$ \angle W  =$	$ \angle X  =$	$ \angle Y  =$
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$Z$  is the obtuse angle  $ACE$ .

- (ii)** Work out the size of the angle  $Z$ .

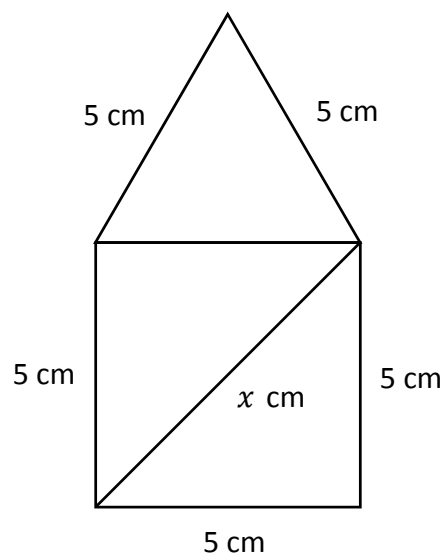
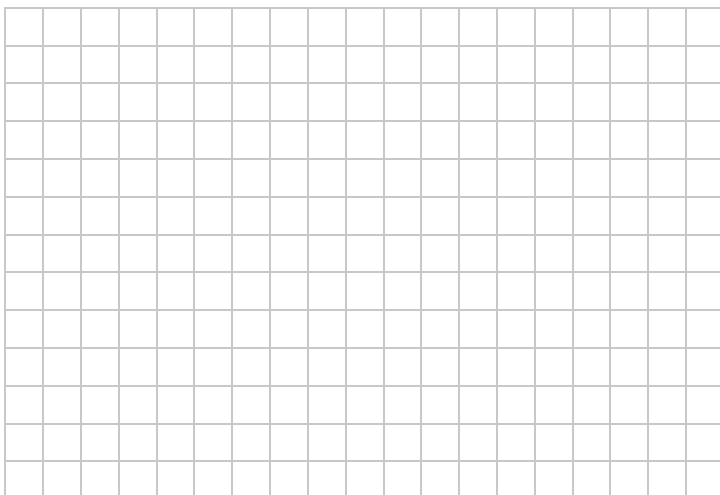
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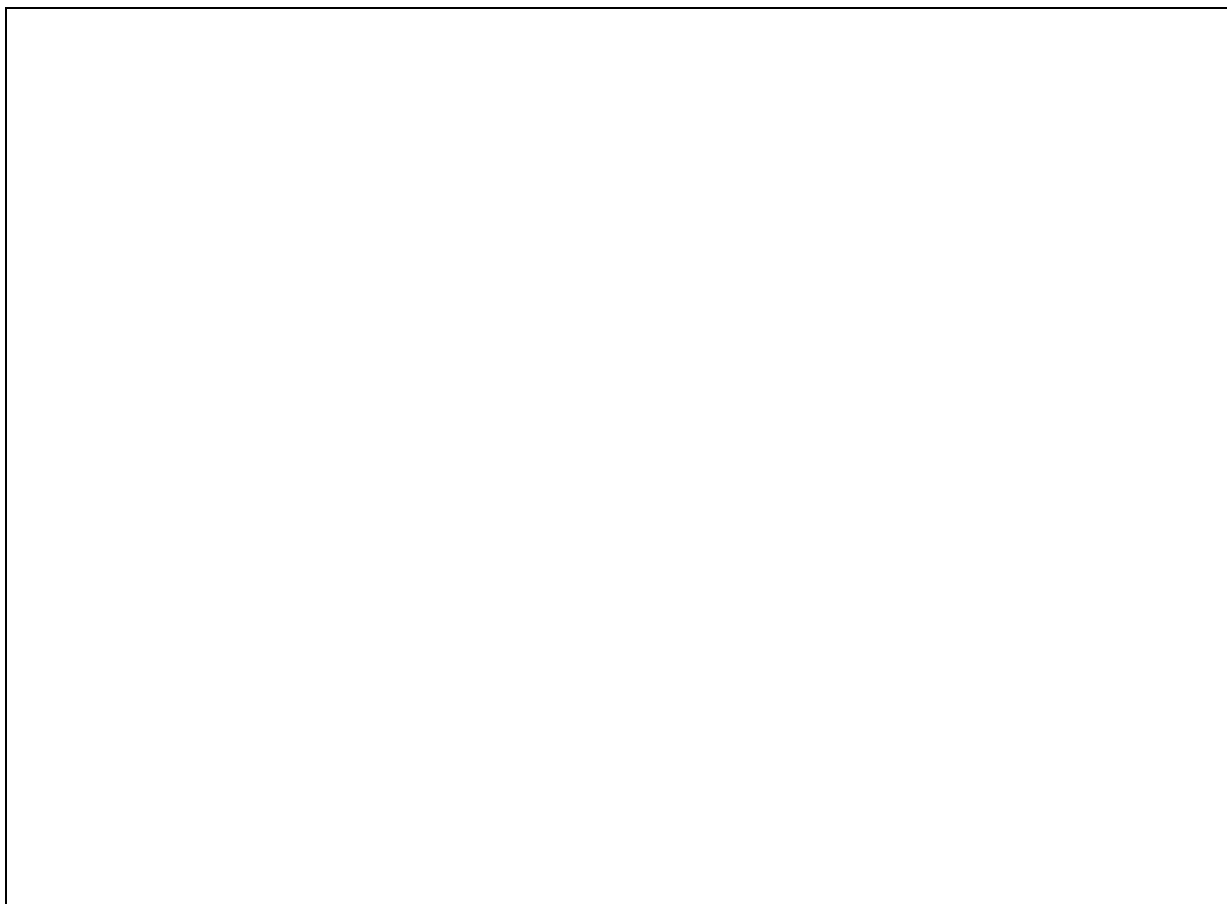
(b) The square and the equilateral triangle in the diagram have sides of length 5 cm, as shown on the right.

(i) Use the theorem of **Pythagoras** to find the value of  $x$ , the length of the **diagonal** of the square.

Give your answer correct to two decimal places.



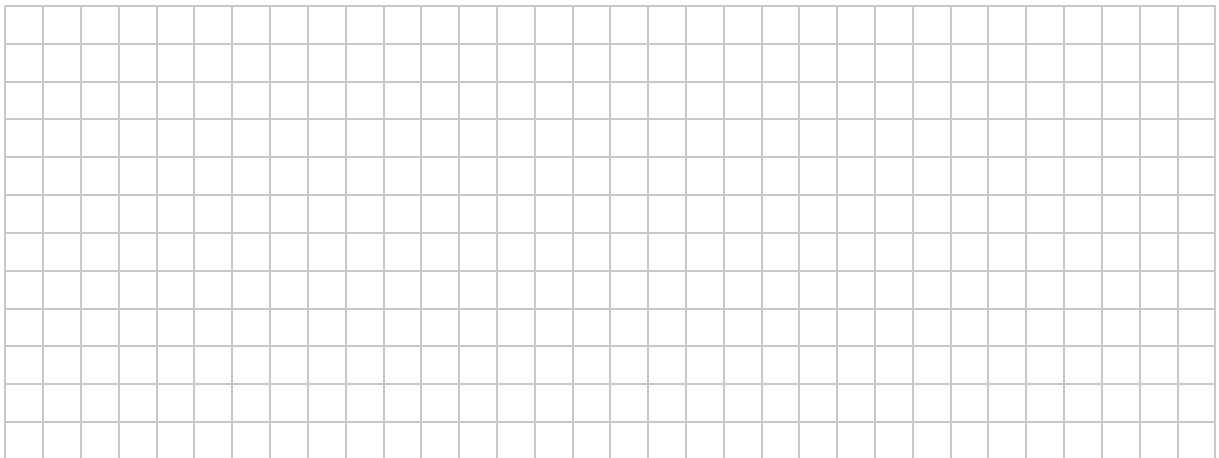
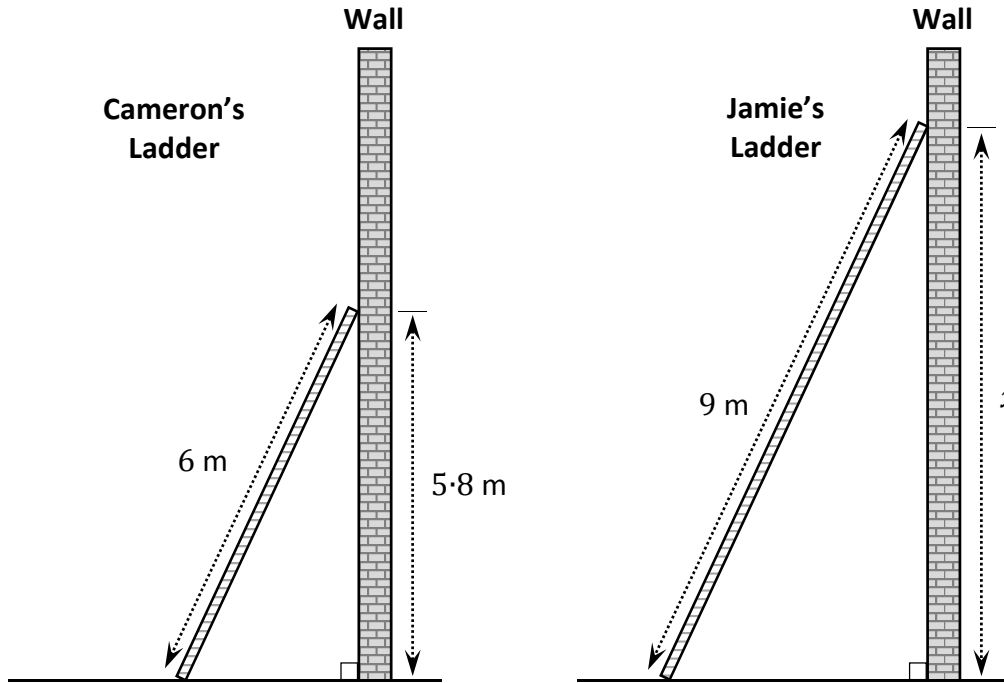
(ii) **Construct** this diagram in the space below.





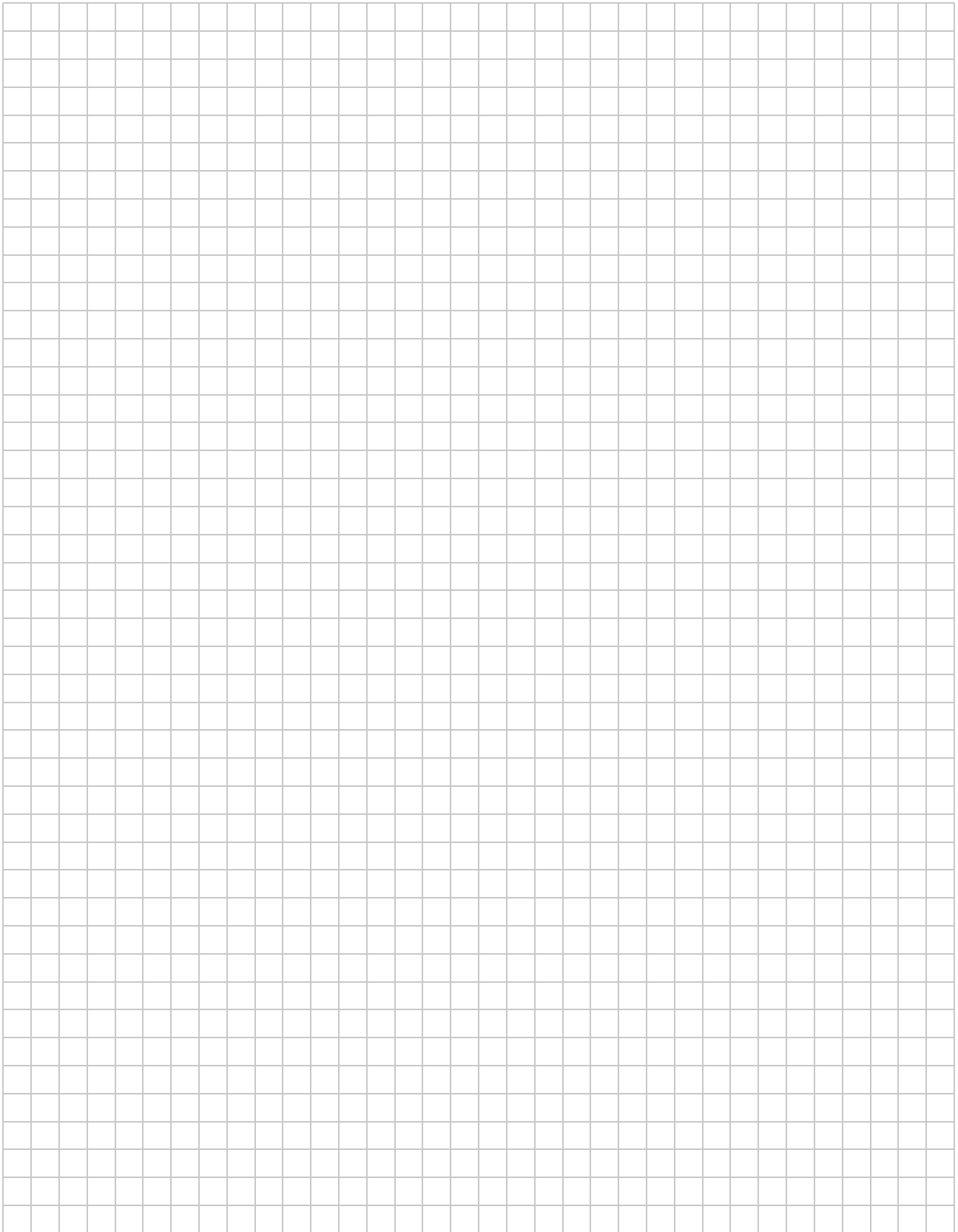


- (c) The diagrams below show Cameron's ladder and Jamie's ladder. Both of these ladders make the same angle with the horizontal ground. Use **similar triangles** to find the value of  $x$ , the vertical height of Jamie's ladder.



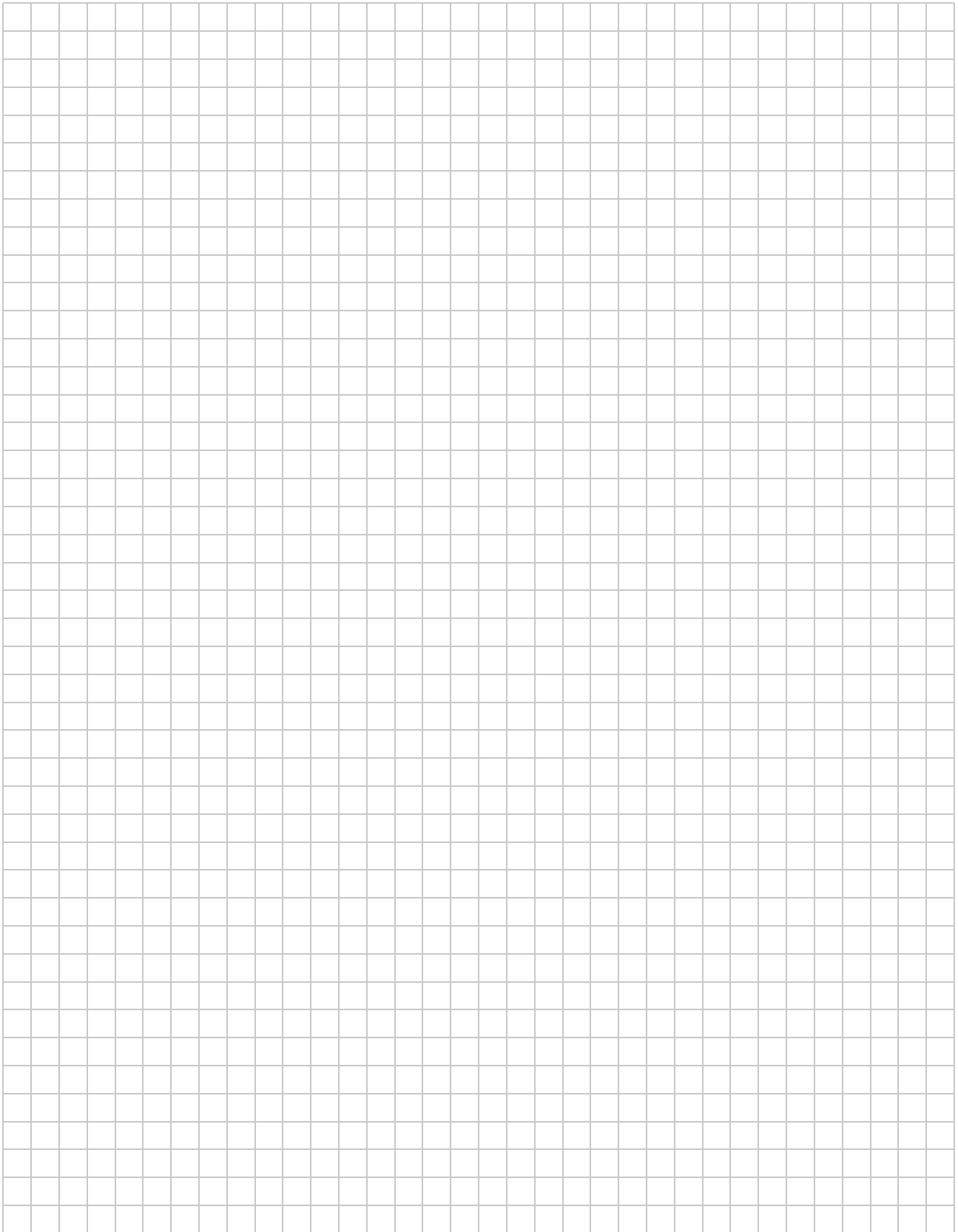
Page for extra work.

Label any extra work clearly with the question number and part.



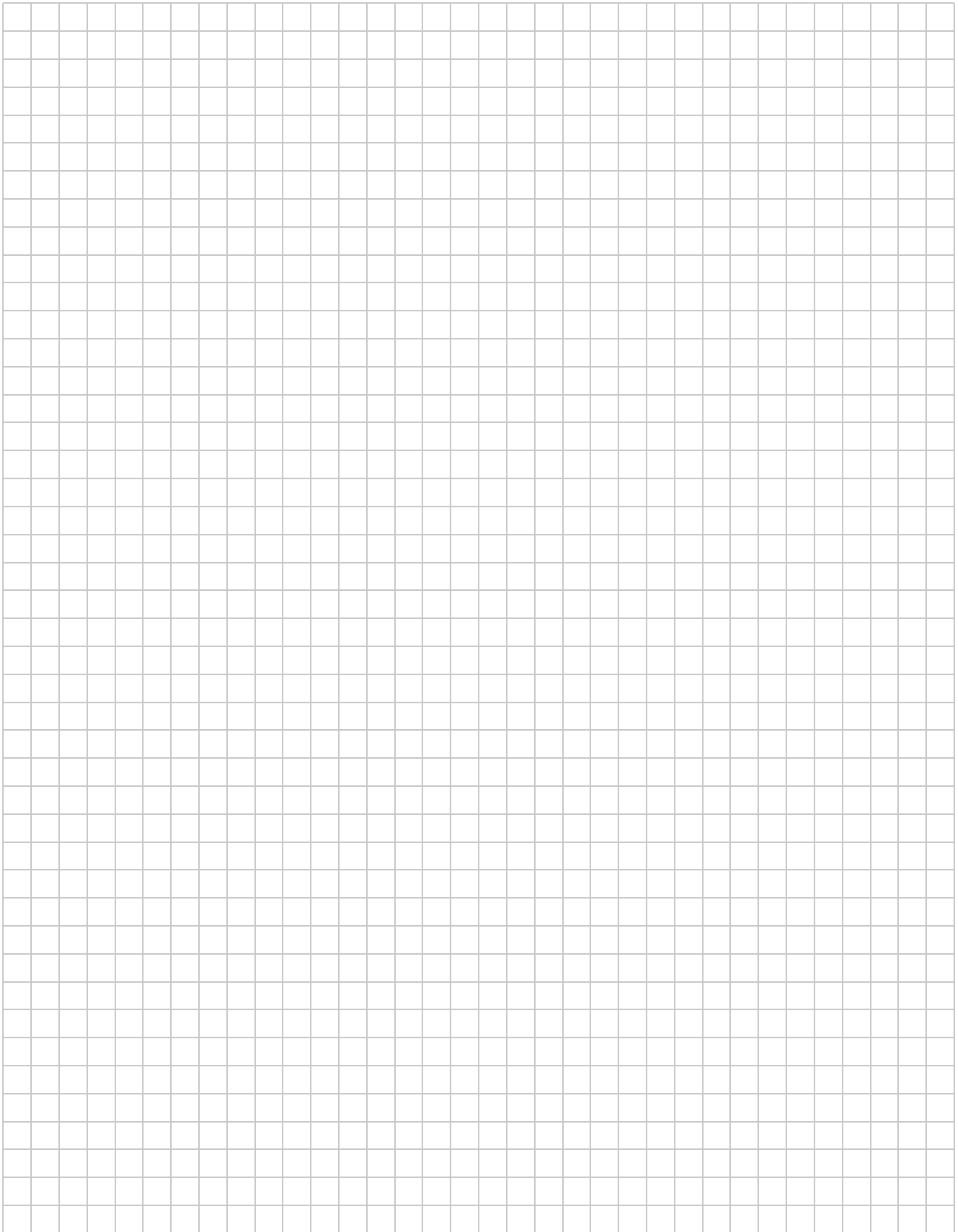
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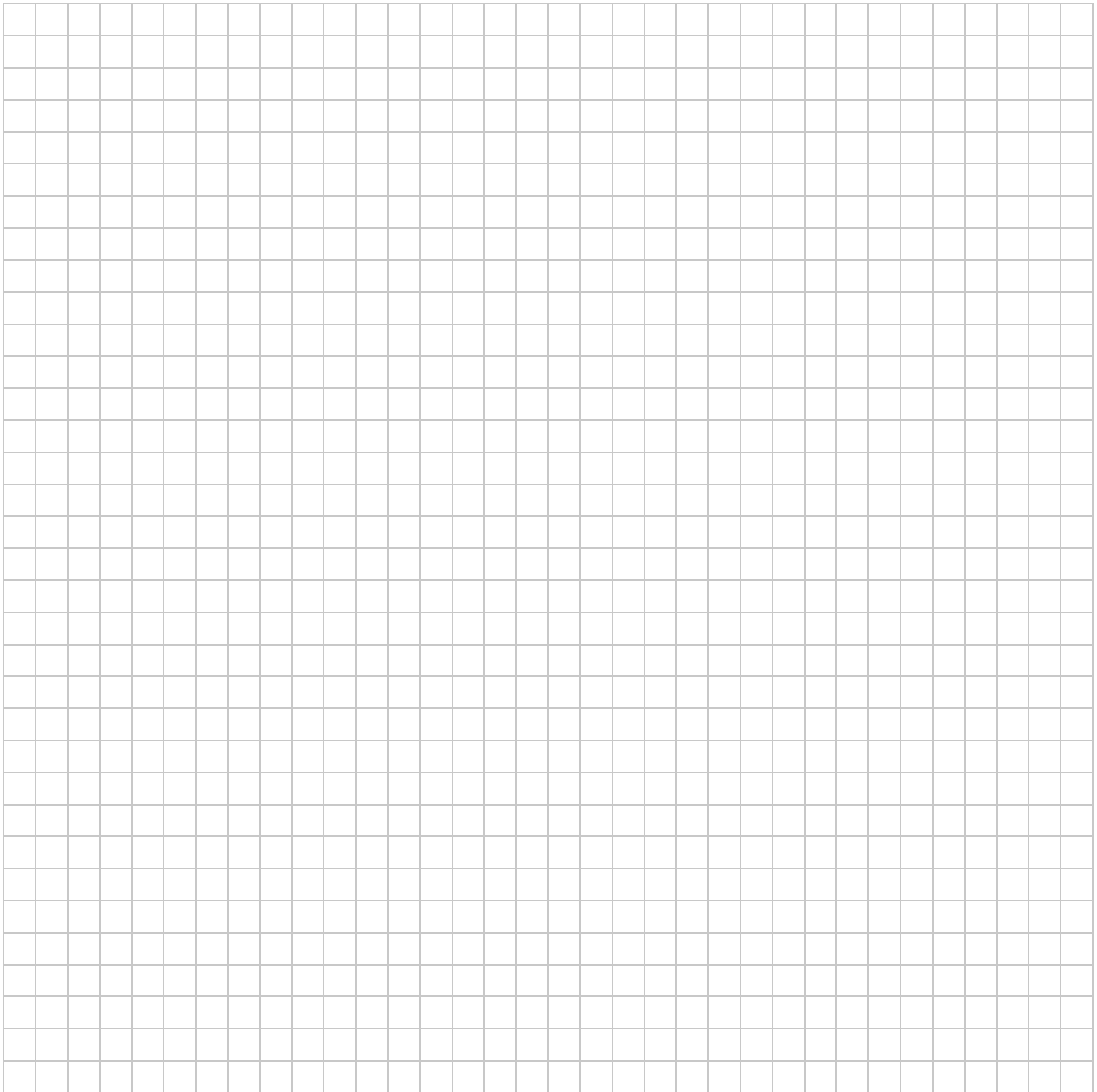
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Junior Certificate 2018

## Mathematics – Paper 2

Ordinary Level

Monday 11 June

Morning 9:30 to 11:30