



Coimisiún na Scrúduithe Stáit
State Examinations Commission

Junior Certificate Examination 2017

Mathematics

Paper 2
Higher Level

Monday 12 June
Morning 9:30 – 12:00

300 marks

Examination Number		For Examiner						Grade
		Q.	Ex.	Adv. Ex.	Q.	Ex.	Adv. Ex.	
		1			11			
		2			12			
		3						
		4						
		5						
		6						
		7						
		8						
		9						
Running Total		10			Total			
Centre Stamp								

Instructions

There are 12 questions on this examination paper. Answer **all** questions.

Questions do not necessarily carry equal marks. To help you manage your time during this examination, a maximum time for each question is suggested. If you remain within these times you should have about 10 minutes left to review your work.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. You may lose marks if you do not do so. You may ask the superintendent for more paper. Label any extra work clearly with the question number and part.

The superintendent will give you a copy of the *Formulae and Tables* booklet. You must return it at the end of the examination. You are not allowed to bring your own copy into the examination.

You will lose marks if you do not show all necessary work.

You may lose marks if you do not include the appropriate units of measurement, where relevant.

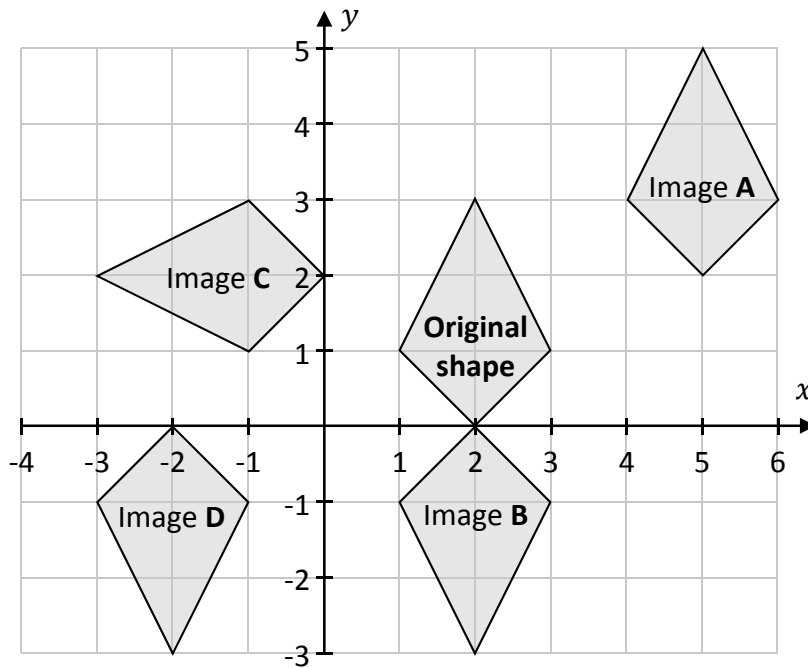
You may lose marks if you do not give your answers in simplest form, where relevant.

Write the make and model of your calculator(s) here:

Question 1

(Suggested maximum time: 5 minutes)

The co-ordinate diagram below shows an original shape, and its image under four transformations.



Write **A**, **B**, **C**, and **D** into the appropriate places in the table below, to show which image comes from each transformation. You may use each letter only **once**.

Transformation	Image (A, B, C, or D)
Axial Symmetry	
Central Symmetry in (0, 0)	
Rotation about (0, 0)	
Translation	

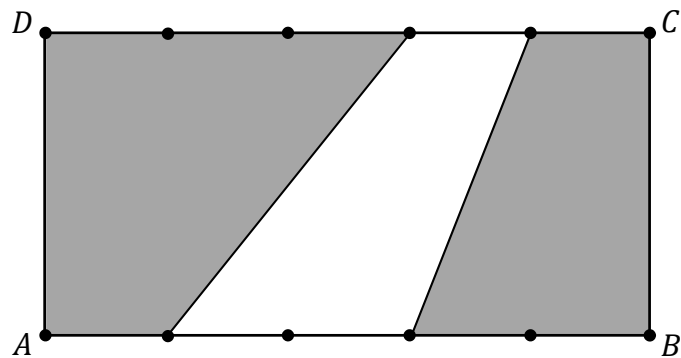
Question 2

(Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)

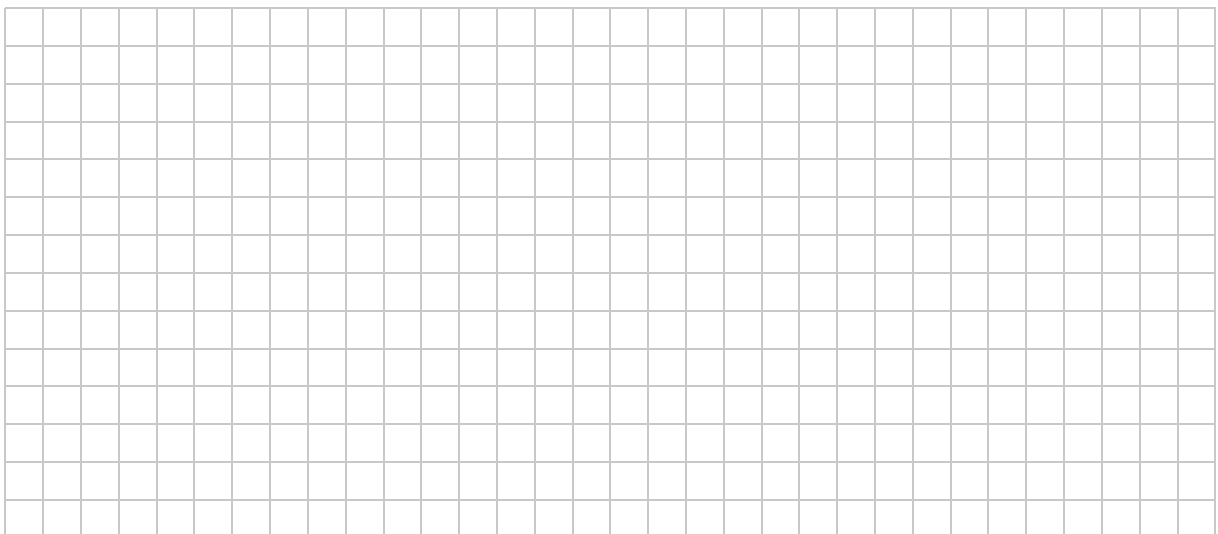
- (a) The diagram shows the line segment $[AB]$.
Divide the line segment into **three** equal parts, without measuring it.
Show all of your construction lines clearly.



- (b) The diagram below shows the rectangle $ABCD$.
 $[AB]$ and $[CD]$ are each divided into five equal parts.
Some of the endpoints of these parts are joined by line segments, as shown.



Find the **percentage** of the area of $ABCD$ that is **shaded**. Show all of your working out.

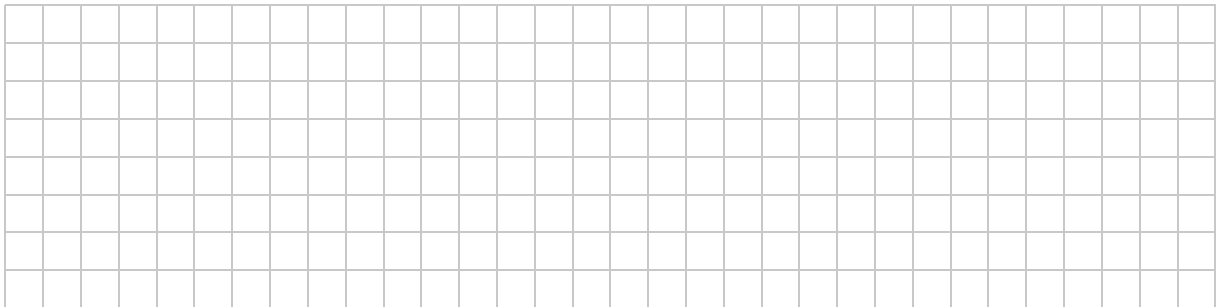


Question 3

(Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)

Keri has some ball bearings. Each one is in the shape of a sphere with a radius of 6 mm.

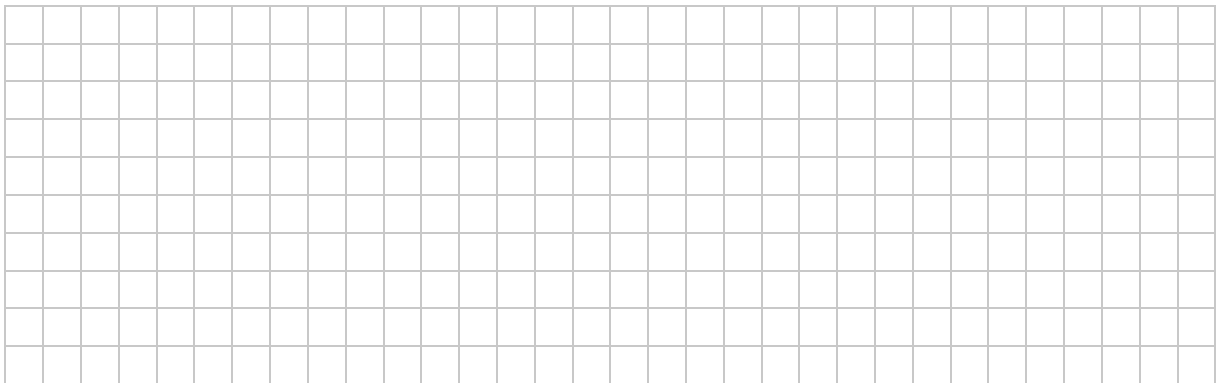
- (a)** Find the **volume** of one ball bearing. Give your answer in mm^3 in terms of π .



Keri is going to melt down some of her ball bearings.

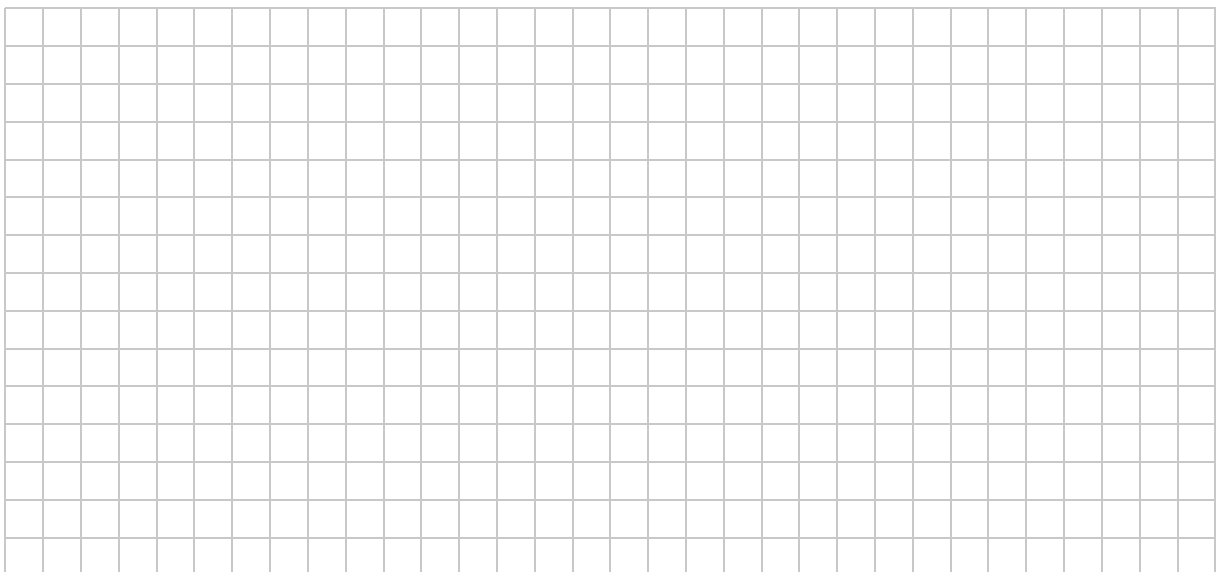
She will use this material to make a sphere of radius 25 mm.

- (b)** Find the least number of ball bearings Keri must melt down so that she has enough material to make a sphere of radius 25 mm.



Keri has 350 ball bearings in total.

- (c)** Find the radius of the biggest sphere Keri could make, if she melted down all 350 ball bearings. Give your answer correct to the nearest millimetre.



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Question 7

(Suggested maximum time: 5 minutes)

Rosie and Gary are out for a walk and decide to estimate the height of a local tower. They have no measuring tape, so they use one of Gary's shoes.

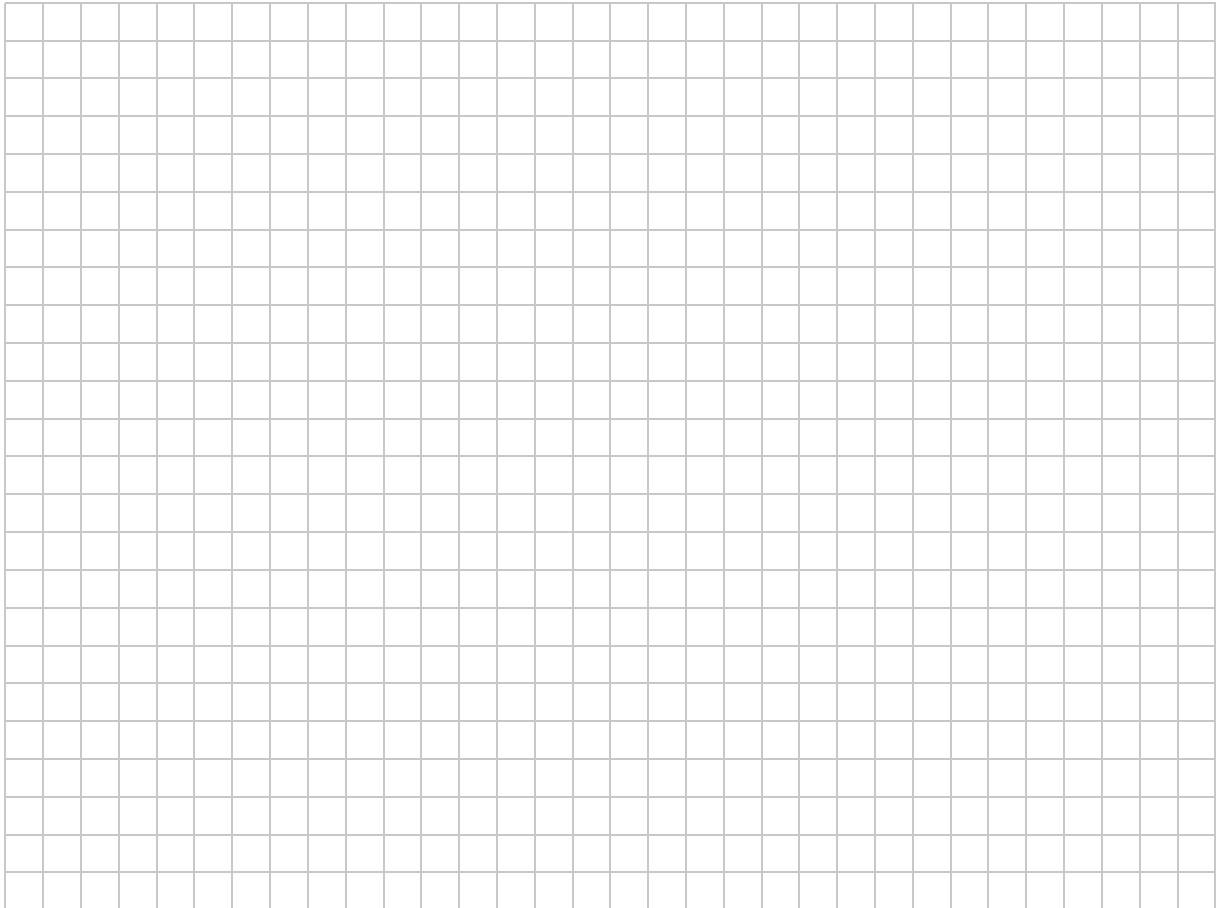
They measure the tower's shadow and find that it is 30 shoe lengths long.

They measure Rosie's shadow and find that it is 4 shoe lengths long.

Rosie knows that she is 140 cm tall.

Use this information to estimate the height of the tower. Give your answer in metres.

It might be helpful to draw a diagram.



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Question 9

(Suggested maximum time: 15 minutes)

(a) The following three terms are used in geometry:

Corollary Proof Axiom

Write each of these terms in the table below to match each term to its description.

Description	Term
A statement that is accepted without proof.	
A statement that follows easily from a previous statement.	
An argument showing that a statement must be true.	

(b) Salem writes the following statement:

“If a shape is a square, then it must have four right angles.”

(i) Complete the **converse** of Salem’s statement:

“If a shape has four right angles, then

 .”

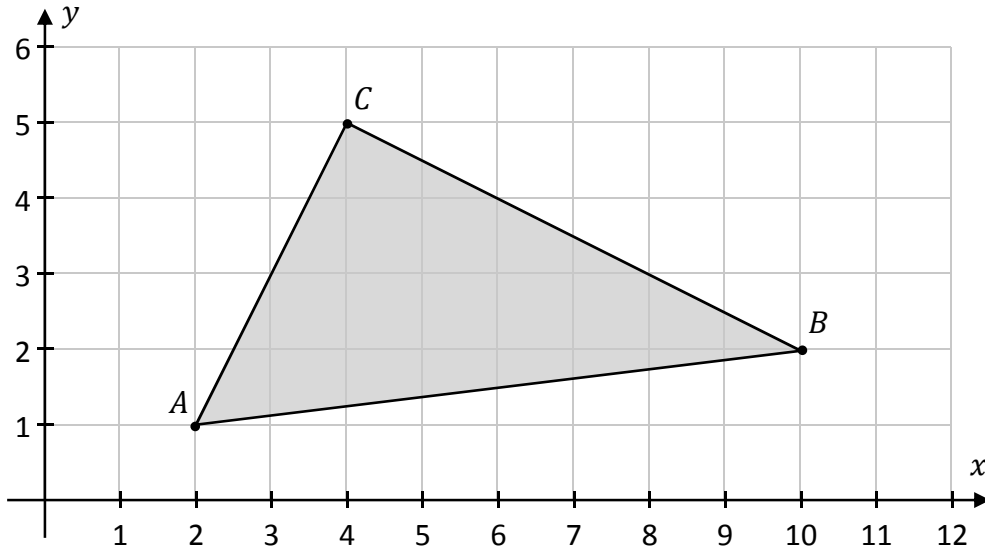
(ii) Is the **converse** of Salem’s statement **true** or **false**? Justify your answer.

Answer:
Justification:

Question 10

(Suggested maximum time: 20 minutes)

The co-ordinate diagram below shows the triangle ABC .



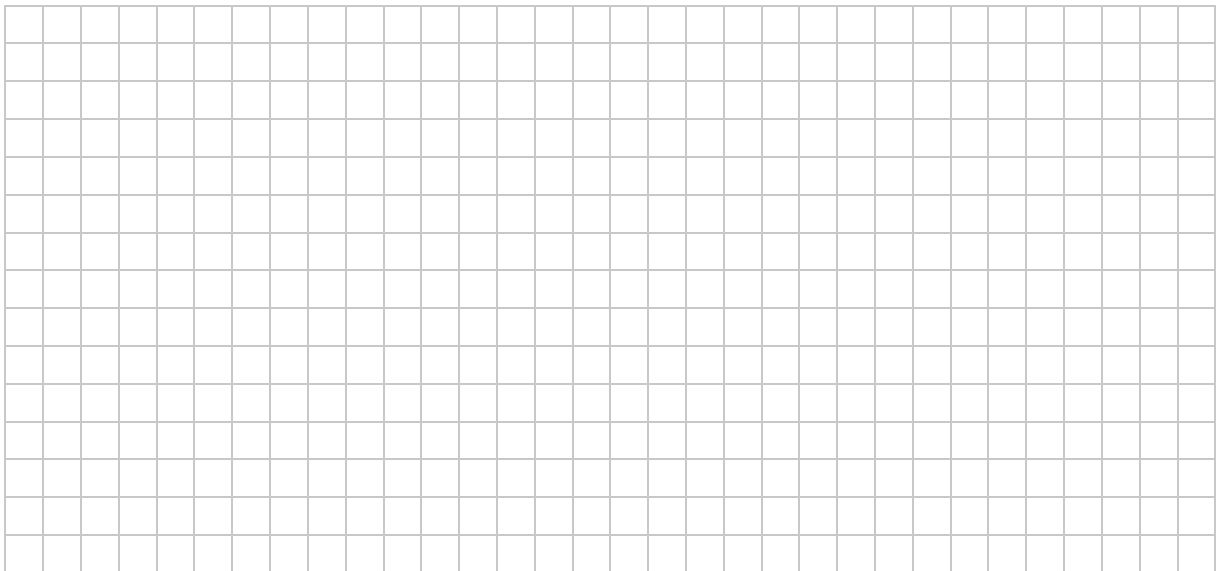
(a) Write down the co-ordinates of the points A , B , and C .

A (,)

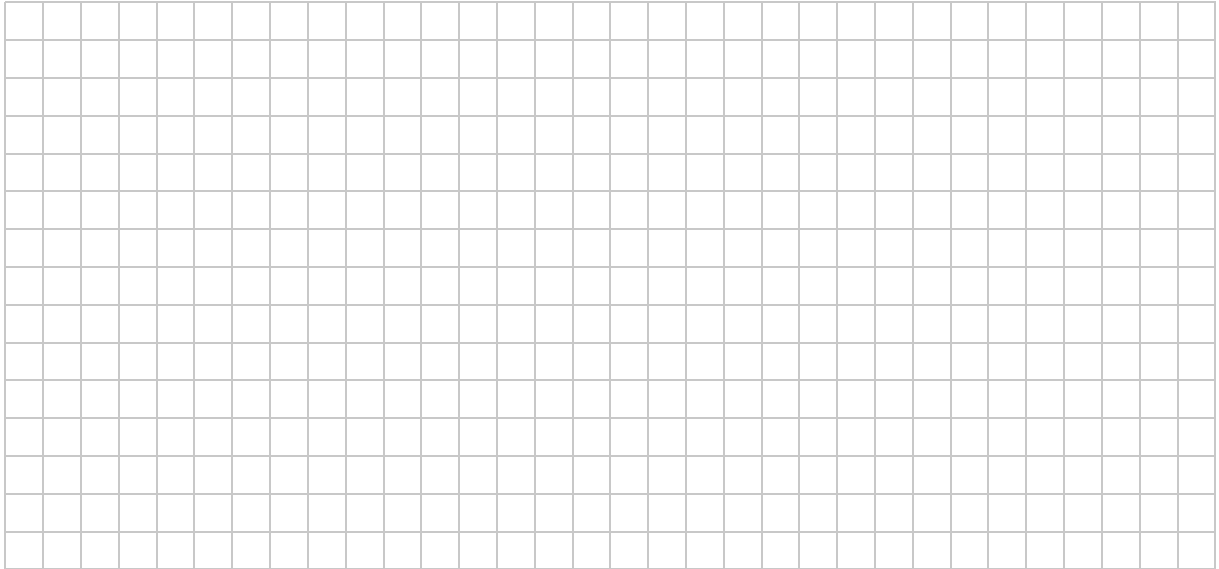
B (,)

C (,)

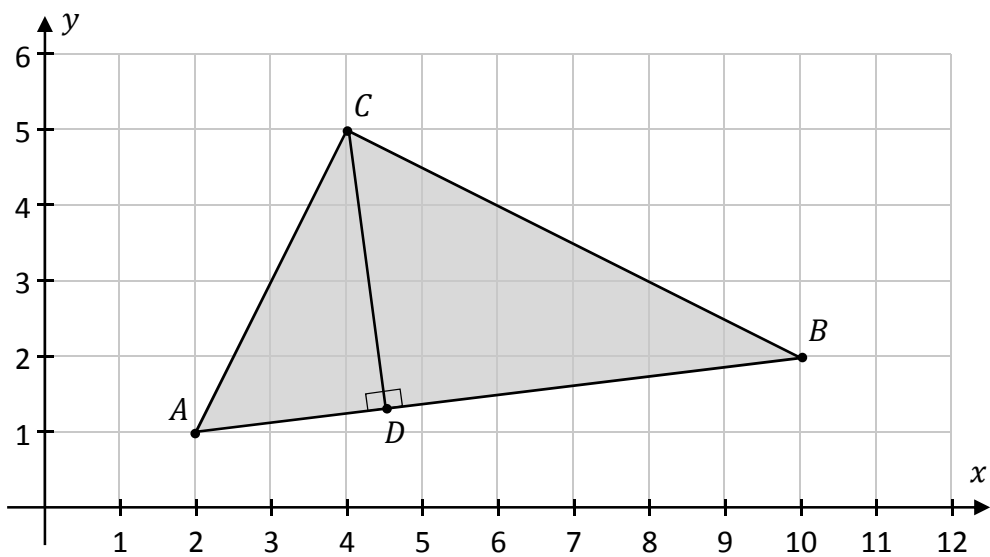
(b) Show that ABC is a **right-angled** triangle, without measuring.



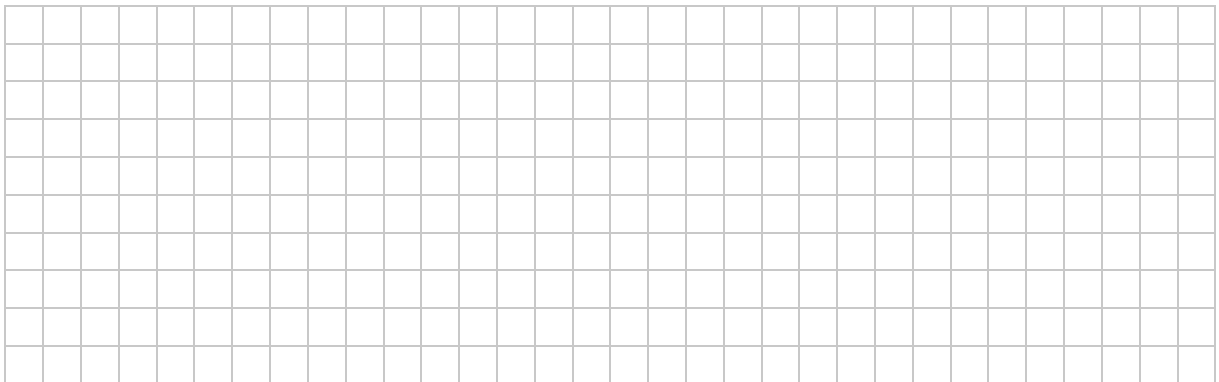
(c) Hence, or otherwise, show that the **area** of the triangle ABC is 15 square units.



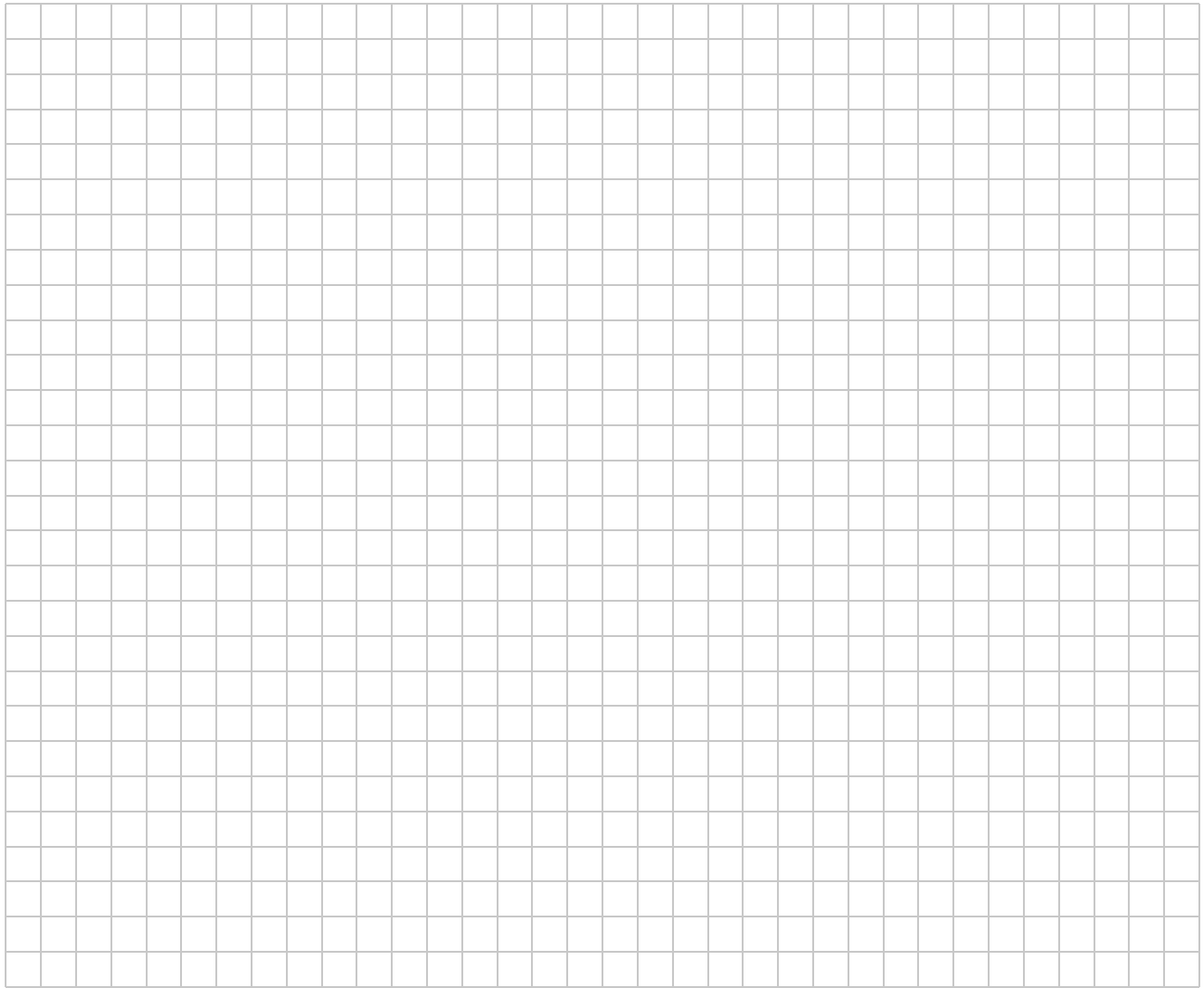
The point D lies on AB so that CD is perpendicular to AB , as shown.



(d) Find $|CD|$. Give your answer in surd form.
Remember that the area of ABC is 15 square units.



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